

## **Material Safety Data Sheet**

# Nickel Metal Hydride

The information and recommendations below are believed to be accurate at the date of preparation. Ascent Battery makes no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information and we assume no liability resulting from its use. This MSDS sheet provides guidelines for safe use and handling of the product. It does not and cannot advise all possible situations. Your specific use of this product should be evaluated to determine if additional precautions must be taken.

Manufacturer's Name	Ascent Battery Supply, LLC	Emergency Number	INFOTRAC (800) 535-5053
Address	925 Walnut Ridge Dr. Hartland, WI 53029	Overseas Emergency Number	INFOTRAC (352)-353-3500 (Collect)
Date Prepared	01/2012		
SECTION 1 – IDENTITY			

Product Name	Nickel Metal Hydride Battery	
Common	NIMH	
Synonyms		
DOT Description	Dry Battery	
Chemical Name	Nickel Metal Hydride; Secondary	
	Battery Battery	

SECTION 2 – HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS			
Chemical Name	CAS No.	Percentage %	
Nickel	7440-02-0	30 - 40	
Cobalt	7440-48-4	4 - 8	
Manganese	7439-96-5	<2	
Potassium Hydroxide	1310-58-3	10 – 15	
Sodium Hydroxide	1310-73-2	4	
Lithium Hydroxide	1310-65-2	0-4	
Other	N/A	<13	

SECTION 3 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS			
Boiling Point	NA	Melting Point	NA
Vapor Pressure	NA	Vapor Density	NA
Specific Gravity	NA	Percent Volatile By Volume	NA
Solubility in Water	NA	Reactivity in Water	NA
Appearance and Odor	Geo-metric, solid object	Evaporation Rate	NA
Flash Point	NA	Flammable Limits in Air %	NA
		by Volume	
Extinguisher Media	Use Water, foam or dry powder	Auto-Ignition Temperature	NA
Special Fire Fighting	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus to avoid inhalation of hazardous decomposition		
Procedures	products.		
Unusual Fire and	Cells may rupture when exposed to excessive heat. This could result in the release of		
Explosion Hazards	flammable or corrosive materials.		

SECTION 4 – PHYSICAL HAZARDS				
Stable or Unstable	Stable	Conditions to Avoid	Electrical shorting the cell.	
Incompatibility	NA			
(Materials to Avoid)				
Hazardous	NA			
Decomposition				
Products				
Hazardous	Will Not	Occur		
Polymerization				
		_		

#### **SECTION 5 – HEALTH HAZARDS**

Threshold	NA
Limit Value	
Signs and Symptoms	None (In fire or rupture situation see section 2 and section 4.)
of Exposure	
Medical Conditions	Chemicals may cause burns to skin, eyes, gastrointestinal tract and mucous membranes.
Generally Caused by	Contact with skin may cause chronic eczema or nickel itch. Electrolyte is extrememly corrosive to
Exposure	eye tissue and may cause permanent blindness. If swallowed it may cause choking, nausea,
	persistant vomitting, diarrhea, abdominal pain, dizziness, faintness, unconsciousness, and
	possible liver and kidney injury.
Routes of Entry	Skin, Eyes, Swallowing
Emergency and First	Nickel Metal Hydride Chemicals
Aid Procedures for	
1. Inhalation	Get fresh air. If symptoms persist seek medical attention
2. Eyes and Skin	If a cell ruptures, flush with copious quantities of flowing lukewarm water for a minimum of 15
	minutes. Get immediate medical attention for eyes. Wash skin with soap and water.
4. Ingestion	Ingestion of battery chemicals can be harmful. Call The National Battery Ingestion Hotline
-	(202-625-3333) 24 hours a day, for procedures treating ingestion of chemicals. Do not induce
	vomiting. Dilute by giving milk and water.

# **SECTION 6 – SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION**

Respiratory	NA NA				
Protection					
Ventilation	NA	Local	NA	Mechanical	NA
		Exhaust		(General)	
Gloves	Wear gloves if cell ruptures, is corroded or leaking chemicals.	Safety Gla	ISSES	Always wear safety gla cells.	asses when working with batteries and
Other Prote	ctive NA				
Equipment					

# SECTION 7 – SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS – SPILL AND LEAKAGE PROCEDURES Precautions to be Taken when Handling and Store in dry place. Storing unpacked cells together could result in cells shorting and heating to the point of rupturing.

Storing	
Other Precautions	If packaging materials are not available place masking taped on positive and negatives ends of the cells.
Steps to be Taken if chemicals are spilled	If cells are leaking or rupture, prevent skin and eye contact and collect all released material in a plastic lined metal container.
Waste Disposal	Cells must be recycled.

### **SECTION 8 – TRANSPORTATION**

Nickel Metal Hydride cylindrical cell/batteries are considered to be "dry batteries" and are unregulated for purpose of transportation by the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT), International Civil Aviation Administration (ICAO) and the International Air Transport Association (IATA).

USA: 49 CFR 172.102 Special Provisions 130 and 340: Nickel Metal Hydride cylindrical cells/batteries are not subject to requirements of this subchapter except for the following – "Batteries and battery-powered devices(s) containing batteries must be prepared and packaged for transport in a manner to prevent (1) A dangerous evolution of heat; (2) Short circuits, including but not limited to the following methods: (i) packaging each battery or each battery-powered device when practicable, in fully enclosed inner packaging made of non-conductive material; (ii) Separating or packaging batteries in a manner to prevent contact with other batteries, devices, or conductive material (e.g., metal) in the packaging..."

IATA DGR: Special Provision A123: Examples of such batteries are: alkali-manganese, zinc-carbon, nickel-metal hydride, and nickel-cadmium batteries. Any electrical battery...having the potential of a dangerous evolution of heat must be prepared for transport as to prevent (a) a short-circuit (e.g. in the case of batteries, by the effective insulation of exposed terminals...) is forbidden from transport; and (b) accidental activation. The words "Not Restricted" and the Special Provision number must be included in the description of the substance on the Air Waybill as required by 8.2.6, when an Air Waybill is issued.

EU (ADR/RID): Chapter 3.2 Table A: "Batteries, nickel-metal hydride, UN3496, not subject to ADR"

International Maritime Organization (IMO), IMDG Code: Regulated as "Batteries, nickel-metal hydride, UN3496", Special Provision 963: "...nickel-metal hydride cells or batteries shall be securely packed and protected from short-circuit. They are not subject to other provisions of this Code provided that they are loaded in a cargo transport unit in a total quantity of less than 100Kg gross mass. When loaded in a cargo transport unit in a total quantity of 100Kg gross mass or more, they are not subject to other provisions of this Code except those of 5.4.1, 5.4.3, and column (16) of the Dangerous Goods list in Chapter 3.2."

Code of practice for packaging and shipment of secondary batteries given in IEC 62133: The packaging shall be adequate to avoid mechanical damage during transport, handling, and stacking. The materials and pack design shall be chosen so as to prevent the development of unintentional electrical conduction, corrosion of the terminals, and ingress of moisture.